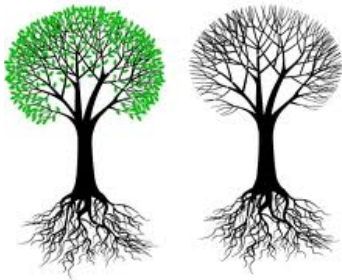


Label the parts of these trees. Use these words: roots, branches, limbs, trunk, leaves



A forest is a place with lots of trees. We can also say “woods”. The bears live in the forest. The bears live in the woods.



Find a picture of cacti on page 210. Cacti is plural for cactus. Cacti have **spines**. They will stick you. Many cacti bloom. These cacti have flowers.



In Texas, we have the prickly pear cactus. They have fruit on top. These fruit are **edible**. If something is edible, you can eat it. Some people make jelly from them. But be careful. They have stickers on them.

Look at the parts of a flower on page 211. I have a garden in my yard. I plant **seeds** in the spring. The young plants that grow are called **seedlings**. When the plants get bigger they **bloom**. They make pretty flowers. Then the vegetables come. Do you like to garden? Do you grow your own vegetables?



Label the **stem**, **petals** and **leaves** on this flower.



The man on page 211 is a **florist**. He sells flowers and floral arrangements. This is a **floral arrangement**. Sometimes florists sell **potted plants**. A potted plant is a plant growing in a pot.

Find the picture of **poison ivy** on page 210. When you touch poison ivy, you get a rash. It itches. It makes little red blisters. Something with poison is called **poisonous**.

Discuss with a partner.

1. Have you ever lived near a forest? Does your country have many forests?
2. Do you have cactus in your country? Do people eat the fruit of the cactus.
3. Some flowers are edible. Do you eat flowers? What flowers have you eaten?

4. When do you bring flowers to your spouse? Do you like to have fresh flowers in your house? Are flowers expensive in your country? Do you have a favorite flower?
5. In the U.S., brides always carry flowers. Is that the custom in your country?
6. Have you ever touched poison ivy? What poisonous plants live in your country?
7. Where are your roots? (see the idiom below)

Teachers: Ask the students to share something they learned about their partner.

Idioms:

You know what the **roots** of a plant are. But people also have **roots**. Your roots are where you are from and who your family is.

Example: I am tired of moving. I want to settle down in one town. I am ready to put down roots.

Example: I have roots in Mexico. My mother's family came from there.

We have a saying, "**He can't see the forest for the trees.**"? It means, someone is so interested in the details that he cannot see the overall picture.

If someone gives you **seed money**, they give you money to start a business. If something **goes to seed**, it gets in a bad condition.

Ex: Mother gave me seed money to start my lemonade business.

Grandma's house has gone to seed since Grandpa died. It needs cleaning and painting.

Grammar: Expressing the future in time clauses-

Monday we talked about future tense. We used two different ways to talk about our future plans. Ex: We will play ball on Thursday. We are going to play ball on Thursday.

The sentences below use "time clauses". A time clause tells when you will do something in the future. For example, "I will drive home." is a future plan. If I add a time clause it looks like this: "After the party, I will drive home." Here is another example: They will buy new clothes for the children. Before school starts, they will buy new clothes for the children.

Underline the time clause in each sentence.

1. We will call you when Sally gets home.
2. Before I go out, I'll cook the children's supper.
3. She'll find a hotel after she arrives in the city.
4. Will you call Amy when you are in Austin?
5. They are going to eat dinner as soon as the movie ends.
6. I'll keep the kids until you get home.

Finish these sentences. Read your answer to the class. Teachers, correct any errors on the board.

1. **When** Dad arrives, we will _____
2. **When** the weather gets cold, I will _____
3. **Before** winter, I am going to _____
4. **After** school, we will _____
5. **As soon as** the children get home, I will _____
6. I will _____ **until** tomorrow.
7. **While** Mother is sick, I will _____
8. We'll be here **when** _____.
9. I'm going to sweep the porch **after** _____.
10. I will rest **before** _____.
11. I will return home **as soon as** _____.
12. We can listen to music **while** _____.