



FUMC ESL High Intermediate Lesson OPD pg 158-159

I. Monday we studied car vocabulary on page 158. Answer these questions about Monday's lesson. Look back at page 158 if you need help.

1. List some things you keep in your trunk.
2. Is the engine under the hood or the trunk?
3. What is the extra tire called?
4. If your battery dies, you use _____ to start your car.
5. A _____ is a person who works on cars.
6. A _____ is a person who sells cars.
7. To stop, put on the _____.
8. A _____ has numbers on it. It goes on the front of your car.

II. Today we will learn more car vocabulary. Open your book to page 159. Look at each picture. Pronounce each word. Use the vocabulary to fill in the blanks.

1. Lock your doors with the _____.
2. Fasten your _____ around your waist.
3. Keep the children safe. Put them in the _____ not in the front seat.
4. Small children should ride in a _____.
5. Use the _____ to steer the car.
6. The driver sits in the _____.
7. The _____ inflates (fills with air) in an accident.
8. The _____ tells how fast the car is going.
9. That car does not see you. Honk your _____.
10. Turn on your _____ before you turn.
11. The _____ tells you there is no more gas.
12. There are two pedals on the floor. The _____ makes the car go. The _____ makes the car stop.
13. Put the key in the _____ and start the car.

III. Read this conversation and answer the questions.

Salesman: May I help you?

Jo: I need a car.

Salesman: Do you want a new car or a used car?

Jo: I want a new car.

Salesman: This red car is a good one.

Jo: It is too big. I want a smaller car.

Salesman: This blue car is a compact. It only has two doors. The back seat is small.

Jo: I don't need a big back seat. I do not have kids.

Salesman: This car is perfect for you.

Jo: How much does it cost?

Salesman: This car costs \$25,000.

Jo: That is too much money. I cannot buy a car like that. I need a cheap car.

Salesman: New cars are not cheap. You need a used car. I will sell you a cheap used car. You will not spend much money on a used car.

Jo: I need a car. I do not have much money. I want a new car. But I can only buy a cheap car. I will get a used car.

- 1.Does Jo want a new car or a used car?
- 2.What is wrong with the red car?
- 3.Does Jo want a big car or a small car?
- 4.What kind of car is the blue car?
- 5.Does Jo have kids?
- 6.Does Jo need a big back seat?
- 7.How much does the blue car cost?
- 8.Can Jo spend \$25,000 on a car?
- 9.Will Jo buy a new car or a used car?

IV. What is the difference between the verb “want” and the verb “need”?

If you want something, you would like to have it. If you need something, you must have it. For example, you want a new dress. You do not need a new dress. You have five dresses in your closet. Your baby needs milk.

Teachers: Make two lists on the board (I want) and (I need). Ask the students to give examples of each.

V. What is the difference between the verb “buy” and the verb “spend”?

You buy things. You spend money. You cannot spend things or buy money.

Example: Mary buys food at the market. Mary spends all her money on food.

Teachers: Have the students to write a sentence with “buy” and one with “spend”.

VI. Read this conversation.

Kim: My sister has a good job. She makes a lot of money. She spends lots of money on clothes. She wears nice clothes.

Lee: I like nice clothes, but I cannot buy nice clothes. I cannot spend much money on clothes. I wear the same clothes all the time. I need a better job. I want to make more money. I want to buy nice clothes.

Kay: Do you want to go to the mall?

Jess: No. I don't like to shop. I do not like to spend all my money. I like to save it.

Kay: It is fun to spend money. It is fun to buy new clothes. You should come to the mall with me.

Jess: I only spend money on food and rent. I don't buy other things. I save all my money. I want to go to college. I save my money to pay for college.

Kay: You are smart, Jess.

- 1.Does Jess want to go to the mall?
- 2.Does Jess like to shop?
- 3.Does Jess like to spend money?
- 4.Does Kay like to spend money?
- 5.Does Kay like to buy new clothes?
- 6.Does Kay want Jess to come to the mall?
- 7.What does Jess spend money on?
- 8.Why does Jess save all her money?
- 9.What does Kay think of Jess?

VII. Idioms:

A person who tells how great he is “toots his own horn”. Read this conversation. Tell who toots their own horn.

June: Hello, Meg. How are you?

Meg: I am great. I won a big award at work. My boss said I am the best worker at the company. I always win awards. I am really smart. My kids are smart too. They always make A's. How are you, June?

June: I'm fine. I have to go. See you later.