

FUMC ESL 11-4-2013 High Intermediate Lesson - LIFE EVENTS

Review: Using Prepositions-Fill in the blank with **in, at, on**:

1. We were _____ home all day
2. I was _____ bed by 9 PM.
3. The kids jumped _____ the bed at 6 AM. They wanted breakfast.
4. We were _____ vacation in Mexico.
5. We were _____ a party until late in the evening.
6. I was _____ a cafe on Sixth Street.
7. We were _____ work until late. We were very busy.
8. James was still _____ work when my parents arrived.
9. We were _____ a meeting all day.
10. I stayed _____ bed all morning.
11. We stayed _____ a hotel because their house was small.
12. We stayed _____ my sister's house for the weekend.
13. We got _____ our flight a little before 9 AM.
14. These flights are seldom _____ time.
15. _____ the beginning, the movie was good. But later it got very violent.

Use these phrases to write a story about yourself. You don't have to use every phrase. Then read your story to your group.

be born	start school	graduate	go to college	get a job	become a (occupation)
fall in love	get married	rent an apartment	move to the U.S.	join the army	learn to drive
immigrate	have children	have grandchildren	learn to...	travel to	become a widow (widower)

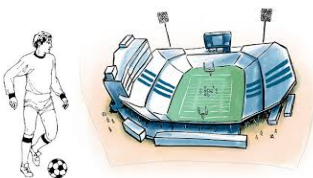
Word Usage:

works for vs. works in vs. works as EX: My husband works for a construction company. He works in construction. He works in Austin. He works as a structural engineer.



Make a sentence with each of the phrases above.

plays for vs. plays in EX: Robert plays for the Aztecs. He plays in the premier league. He plays in the Azteca Stadium.



Make a sentence with each of the phrases above.

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.

BECOME-BECAME: When you become something, you start being something. EX: I became a nurse because I enjoy helping people. He is studying to become a doctor. What did you study to become:

What has become of her? This sentence asks what has happened to someone. Perhaps you have not seen this person for a long time. You are curious about her. You see someone that knows her. You ask, "What has become of Sally?"

Is becoming or is not becoming on you? This sentence asks whether something looks good on you or makes you look good. EX: That dress is becoming on you. I think black dresses are becoming on most people. Do you have a color or style that is not becoming on you?

CONJUNCTIONS: Study this table about conjunctions. Give an example sentence for each one.

Conjunction	What it does	Example
and	more ideas	We got in bed and went to sleep.
but	different idea	They learned English, but not well.
because	answers why?	We ran home because it rained.
or	choice/ list	Do you want ice cream or cake?
so	result	Mother got tired, so we went home.
when	answers when or what time?	We left the party when the rain began.
before	answers what happened first?	Before the concert started, we bought ice cream.
after	answers what happened next?	We went home after the first act of the play.
although	tells something surprising	We will go again, although next time we will buy our tickets in advance.
if	something needs to happen for this to happen	We will move in on Friday if the painters have finished painting.
also/ as well as	adds something	He works at the hardware store and also the library. He works at the hardware store as well as the library.
even	something surprising or unusual	Everyone swam, even Charles.
than	comparative	She works harder than Chris works.