

Pronouncing T and TH (Teachers, drill these words until everyone has the correct sound)

team	theme	tank	thank
tick	thick	tie	thigh
torn	thorn	trash	thrash
tread	thread	tree	three
trust	thrust	tug	thug
tear	there	toes	those

Pronouncing D, T, and TH

dare	there	day	they
dough	though	doze	those
toes	doze	doe	toe
dug	thug	dust	thrust
dead	thread	dash	trash
wetter	weather	tear	there
tan	than	letter	leather

Sometimes we use the infinitive form of the verb (to play, to go, to read) in a sentence where it does NOT serve as the verb. Ex: *I like to play ball.*

In this sentence, the verb is “like”. “To play” tells what you like.



IM STRESSED
AND I WANT TO
BREAK SOMETHING

The verbs in this picture are “stressed” and “want”. What does he want to do? To break something. This infinitive is not the verb. It tells what he wants to do.

In these sentences, underline the infinitive and circle the verb.

1. I love to play tennis with John.
2. I hate to go downtown at rush hour.
3. We forgot to lock the door last night.
4. The boys refused to go home.
5. They asked us to turn on the lights.
6. You agreed to feed the dog.

7. I chose to quit school.
8. Jim decided to teach the class.
9. She remembered to call Mother.
10. The girls prefer to play inside.
11. They hope to live in a big city.
12. Father advised me to stay at home.

Write a sentence using an infinitive. The verb is given to you. Underline the infinitive. The first one is done for you. Read your sentences to the class.

(asked) The teacher asked me to answer the question.

(advised)

(refuse)

(love)

(hate)

(hope)

(forgot)

A common use of infinitives occurs with the verb “go” in the “ing” form. Read these examples:

*I am going to watch TV tonight. Min is going to invite me to her party. Joe is going to leave Austin.
 There is going to be a fight. I am going to lie down now.*

Notice that all of these sentences talk about something happening in the FUTURE. Present continuous can be used to talk about the future in some cases. It means we are **planning** to do something in the future. We do not use the present tense to talk about future plans. We **don't** say, “I stay home tonight.” OR “Ann go out tomorrow.” We say, “I am staying home tonight.” OR “Ann is going out tomorrow.”

But we can use the present tense to talk about **schedules** of things that will happen in the future.

EX: The plane arrives tonight at 10 PM. The movie ends at 9:30. Andrew plays at 4 PM.

Write QUESTIONS from these words. Make sure you ask what is going on in the future. The first one is done for you. Read your sentences to the class. The teacher will write them on the board.

1. (you/ go/ out) Are you going out tonight?
2. (he/ work/ next week) _____
3. (what/ you/ do/ tomorrow) _____
4. (when/ Lee/ go/ vacation) _____
5. (what time/ your friends/ come) _____

Read these sentences. Notice how the present continuous is used to talk about future plans and present tense is used to talk about the schedules. Underline the verbs. Remember the infinitives are not verbs in these sentences.

1. We're going to the concert tonight. It starts at 7 PM.
2. I am taking the bus home. The last bus leaves at 6 PM.
3. I am starting a new job. My job begins Monday.
4. They are going to eat dinner with us. Our dinner begins at 6 PM.