

## FUMC ESL 10-6-2022 High Beginning and Low Intermediate Lesson --USING GET

Introduce yourself. Tell where you are from and where you live now.

### Using GET

We use GET to mean acquire or obtain something. EX: When you go to the store, get some apples. I always get milk at the store. Get a pen from my desk. He got a new car.

We use GET to mean receive. EX: I always get jewelry on my birthday. My sister got a doll for Christmas. Did you get my email?

We use GET to mean go. EX: How do I get to the airport? Can I get downtown on this bus? How do you get to work?

We use GET to mean arrive. EX: I get home around 5 PM. Dad got home late last night.

We use GET to mean make something happen. EX: You should get a haircut. Get a job! I hope they get married soon.

We use GET to talk about illness. EX: I get a cold every winter. I got the flu last winter. I get a headache if I read too long.

We use GET with adjectives to talk about our feelings. EX: In the winter, I get cold. In summer, I get hot.

### Practice Speaking: Answer these questions.

1. I get tired when I stand up for a long time. When do you get tired?
2. I get sleepy at night when I read my book. When do you get sleepy?
3. I get hungry in the afternoon around 4 PM. When do you get hungry?
4. When I get hungry in the afternoon, I eat a snack, like nuts or fruit. What do you eat for a snack when you get hungry?
5. I get full when I eat oatmeal. When do you get full?
6. I get nervous when I walk alone at night. When do you get nervous?
7. I get worried when my husband comes home late? When do you get worried?
8. I get scared when someone knocks on my door late at night. When do you get scared?
9. My mother gets lonely when I don't call her. When do you get lonely?
10. At night I get comfortable and watch TV or read. To get comfortable, I put on pajamas and slippers. What do you do to get comfortable?

GET is used in many phrasal verbs. Phrasal verbs have a verb + a preposition.

EX: **Get off** the bus when it stops. **Get in** the car.

Read these conversations and answer the questions.

### GET BACK TO

Sara: After Covid everyone wants to get back to normal.

Tanya: Yes, I want to **get back to** my office. I don't like working from home.

Ann: Is this your lunch hour?

Jen: Yes. I had a sandwich and drink. Now I will **get back to** work.

#### GET IN

Lucy: When I arrived at 8: 30 this morning, the door was locked. I couldn't **get in**.

Lee: The door automatically unlocks at 9 AM. If you arrive before 9, you can't **get in**.

#### Why couldn't Lucy get in?

Sandy: What time does your flight **get in**?

Laura: It **gets in** at noon.

#### GET INTO

Kate: My son **gets into** trouble at school. I frequently have to pick him up early.

Jo: I never **got into** trouble when I was in school.

Jan: While I was at work, my dogs **got into** their dog food. They made a huge mess.

Jim: Those dogs are always **getting into** things.

#### GET OFF

Suzy: What time do you **get off** work?

Phil: I **get off** at 6 PM.

#### GET OUT

Alice: Is that your dog running down the street?

Pat: Yes, it is. How did my dog **get out**?

Alice: You must have left the gate open.

#### GET WELL and GET OVER

Will: You have been sick a long time. Are you **getting well** now?

Fay: Yes, I often get the flu in winter. But I am **getting over it**

#### GET AROUND TO IT and. GET TO IT

Don: I will look at your homework when I **get around to it**. I have been too busy to look at it.

Deb: That's OK. Whenever you **get to it** is fine.

#### GET UP

Linda: I have to **get up** at 6 AM tomorrow. My work starts at 7:30.

Lori: I don't like to **get up** early. I like to sleep late.

#### GET AWAY

Sandra: I smell gasoline. The car might catch on fire. **Get away** from it!

Tim: I will **get** the children **away**.

### Pronunciation Practice:

These word pairs have different vowel sounds. Practice pronouncing them.

chip - cheap	ship - sheep	it - eat	fill - feel	fit - feet
is he - easy	itch - each	hill - he'll	lick - leak	risen - reason

1. The word that means the opposite of expensive is \_\_\_\_\_.
2. The animal that makes wool is a \_\_\_\_\_.
3. The opposite of difficult is \_\_\_\_\_.
4. You use your tongue to \_\_\_\_\_ an ice cream cone.
5. If it's not tall enough to be a mountain, it's a \_\_\_\_\_.
6. You scratch an \_\_\_\_\_.
7. A large boat is a \_\_\_\_\_.
8. You stand on your two \_\_\_\_\_.