

## FUMC ESL 11-21-2022 High Beginning and Low Intermediate Lesson

Introduce yourself. Tell where you are from and where you live now. Read this sentence: It is scary to speak in front of lots of people. Now make a sentence that begins: It is scary to.....

### REVIEW QUIZ:

Put a superlative adjective in the blank. Remember, when you are using superlative adjectives, you put "the" in front of the adjective. EX: Jed is **the fastest** runner in the school. She is **the youngest** teacher.

1. (quiet) Susan is \_\_\_\_\_ student in the class. She never says anything.
2. (simple) \_\_\_\_\_ way to solve a problem is the best way.
3. (narrow) That bridge is \_\_\_\_\_ bridge in the county.
4. (long) That movie was \_\_\_\_\_ movie I have ever watched.
5. (big) The gray elephant is \_\_\_\_\_ animal in the zoo.
6. (lucky) You are \_\_\_\_\_ girl on Earth.
7. (close) These seats are \_\_\_\_\_ to the stage.
8. (busy) Today was \_\_\_\_\_ day in the restaurant since it opened.
9. (beautiful) My sister has \_\_\_\_\_ baby.
10. (successful) My brother is \_\_\_\_\_ salesman in his company.

What is the difference between "the richest" and "one of the richest", or "the fastest" and "one of the fastest"?

There are two meanings for **latest**: One means not on time. EX: He gets to class after all the other children. He is always the **latest** student.

The other latest means the most recent. EX: This car is the **latest** model. It just came out last month.

**Irregular Adjectives:** Good and bad are irregular adjectives. They use a different word in their comparative forms. EX: Jan is a **good** runner. Sam is a **better** runner. Jon is the **best** runner of all. Jo is a **bad** swimmer. Her sister is **worse** than Jo. And her brother is the **worst** swimmer in the family.

**Adjectives are frequently used with the prepositions AT, IN and OF. Read the sentences. Then fill in the blank to tell about you.**

1. I am most comfortable **in** my sweat pants. I am most comfortable in ....
2. My daughter is excellent **at** math. My family are excellent at ....
3. She is afraid **of** spiders. I am afraid of ...
4. We are interested **in** space travel. I am interested in ...
5. We were disappointed **in** the movie. I was disappointed in ...

**NOUN or ADJECTIVE:** English has many **nouns** that also have **adjective** forms. For example: "Wealth" is a noun, but "wealthy" is an adjective. We use nouns and adjectives

differently. For example: She lost all of her **wealth** by gambling in Las Vegas. Now she is not a **wealthy** person. In the first sentence, wealth is a noun. In the second sentence wealthy is an adjective describing the person. In this exercise, choose either a noun or an adjective to complete the sentence.

1. My husband is (anger / angry) with me for wrecking the car.
2. There is a (danger / dangerous) of fire when you put a Christmas tree near a fireplace.
3. She is the most (intelligence / intelligent) woman I know.
4. I had good (luck / lucky) when I played the lottery. I won!
5. My shoulder is (pain / painful).
6. The (pain / painful) in my shoulder is better now.
7. His father is (success / successful) in business.
8. I teach my children to tell the (truth / truthful).
9. The thief lied to the police. He wasn't (truth / truthful).
10. Would you be my (friend / friendly)?
11. The old man who lives next door is (friend / friendly).
12. We looked at the apartment, but didn't rent it because it was (dirt / dirty).
13. We swept the (dirt / dirty) out the door.
14. The policeman thought the man looked (guilt / guilty).
15. I could see the (anger / angry) in his eyes.
16. Walking under ladders is (danger / dangerous).
17. The child's (intelligence / intelligent) surprised me.
18. My brother is always (luck / lucky).
19. My father's (success / succesful) is because of hard work.
20. The robber admitted his (guilt / guilty). He said he broke into the house and stole the TV.

**Read this story and answer the questions.**

#### LATE TO SCHOOL

Danny is nine years old. He is in the fourth grade at Jones Elementary School. School begins at 8 AM. But several times a week, Danny is late. Sometimes he is five minutes late. Sometimes he is ten minutes late. And sometimes Danny is fifteen minutes late. Danny's teacher, Mr. Lopez, is concerned. He tells Danny he needs to get to school on time. Danny says his mother drops him off late. Mr. Lopez calls Danny's mother. They agree to meet at 3 PM the next day.

The next day, Mr. Lopez waits in the office for Danny's mother. But Danny's mother isn't there. Mr. Lopez waits five minutes. He waits ten minutes. He waits fifteen minutes. Then Mr. Lopez hears his phone ring. Danny's mother is on the phone. She says, "I'm sorry, Mr. Lopez, but I am running late today. I will be there in about ten minutes.

1. How old is Danny? What grade is he in?
2. What time does school start?

3. What is Danny's problem?
4. Why does Danny say he is late?
5. What do Mr. Lopez and Danny's mother agree to do?
6. After fifteen minutes, what happens?
7. What does Danny's mother say?
8. What does Mr. Lopez learn about Danny's mother?
9. What should Mr. Lopez say to Danny's mother?
10. Is there any way for Mr. Lopez to solve this problem?
11. Do you know people that are always late?
12. In your country is it acceptable to be late?