

FUMC ESL 9-25-2023 High Beginning and Low Intermediate Lesson

Introduce yourself. Tell where you are from. Tell where you live now and how long you have lived here.

Review of Tell and Say: Choose the correct word.

1. Mary (said / told) me she was tired. Mary (said / told) she was tired.
2. The policeman (said / told) we could go now. The policeman (said / told) us to go home.
3. Sara (said / told) them she wanted to quit. Sara (said / told), "I quit."
4. Dave (says / tells) he will arrive at eight. David usually (says / tells) us where to pick him up.
5. Lucy (said / told) Julie she will leave on Monday. Lucy (said / told) she would leave on Monday.
6. Mina (said / told) she loves flowers. Mina (said / told) me she loves flowers.
7. I (said / told) them to go to bed. I (said / told), "Go to bed."
8. I asked him who he was, but he didn't (say / tell) a word. He wouldn't (say / tell) us a word.
9. Eric (said / told) he was happy. But he (said / told) his mother, he wasn't happy.
10. Did you (say / tell) him we were at home? I didn't (say / tell) you were home.

More Confusing Verbs: See Look Watch

See means to notice something. EX: I see some birds. I didn't see any kids in the park.

Look means to direct your eyes at something. EX: Look at those birds. I looked for the other kids, but I didn't see them.

Watch means to pay attention to something for a time. EX: I watch the football game every Sunday. Every morning, I watch the birds in our tree. I watch the kids carefully at the park.

present tense	past tense	past participle (use with have or has)
see	saw	seen (have/has seen)
look	looked	looked (have / has looked)
watch	watched	watched (have / has watched)

I **see** many birds in my tree every morning. I **saw** many birds in my tree yesterday. I **have seen** many birds in my tree every morning. **The first sentence and the third sentence mean exactly the same thing. You can use present tense or present perfect.**

I always **look** for inexpensive dresses. I **looked** for inexpensive dresses yesterday. I **have looked** for inexpensive dresses many times. **The only difference in the first and third sentences is "always" rather than "many times".**

I watch all the soccer games. This weekend I watched the U.S. soccer game. I have watched all the U.S. soccer games. **The first and third sentences mean the same.**

Choose the correct word.

1. Please help me (look / see/ watch) for my keys.
2. (Look / See) out the window. You might (see / look) birds.
3. Will you (watch / look) the game this weekend?
4. The weather is cloudy. I can't (see / look) any stars.
5. My kids (look / watch) movies at home.
6. Do you want to (see / look) my vacation pictures?
7. Do you want to (see / look) at my vacation pictures?
8. Have you (seen / looked) my new house?
9. It was too dark. I couldn't (see / look) anything.
10. (Look / See) at that big bear! Can you (see / look) his big paws?

Pronouncing Vowels: E

Vowels can have many different sounds, so it is difficult to know how to pronounce them. Today we will study the vowel E.

1-E has several sounds: E like in eat, eagle, Eve, me, knee, bee, evil. We call this the long E sound.

2-OR E as in bed, elk, egg, edge, leg, jet, ever, never, elevator, elephant, education, pen, hen and hello. We call this the short E sound

3-OR E can sound like "uh" as in tiger, father, anger, answer, ballerina and camera. This is the schwa sound, which is the most common vowel sound in English.

4-Many times the E at the end of a word is silent. EX: ride, size, leave, nice, bite, love.

5-E can sound like an ah as in : are, heart.

6-Another confusing pair of words is key and they. Notice the second word sounds more like an A than an E.

Diphthongs: A diphthong is a combination of two vowels that makes one sound.

EA can sound like EE: meat, seat, lead, read, leap, beach, clean, dream, pea

OR can sound like EH as in dead, feather, heaven, meadow, breakfast, bread, deaf

OR like ear, rear, spear, dear, beard

AND sometimes in EA words, the E is silent and the A has a long A sound. EX: break, great, steak

OR a short A sound as in: heart

EI is a diphthong. Listen to the different ways to sound EI: weigh, foreign, feisty, height, leisure, weird, their

IE is a diphthong. Listen to the different sounds IE makes: thief, pie, fierce, review, copier, relief, lie, movie, patient, yield, client, view, nutrients, artificial

Sometimes the pronunciation of a word changes depending on if it is a noun or a verb.

Examples: breath/ breathe present/ present record/ record

Say these sentences. Take a breath. Breathe slowly. I presented her with a present. A rock star records records.

Pronounce these word pairs. Listen for the different pronunciation of the E.

heat - head	dead-deed	sweet-sweat	breath - breathe	tear - tear
queen - clean	break - beak	please - pleasant	leaf - leather	wear - weasel

Read this story THAT'S LIFE: Lesson 1-The Same Routine

The radio wakes Bruno up every morning. This morning, there is a commercial on the radio. *"Is your life the same day after day? Are you tired of the same routine? Visit Mexico. We will shake up your world!"*

Bruno opens his eyes and listens. It's true. Every morning is the same routine. Bruno gets up and eats cereal with milk for breakfast. He takes a shower, shaves, brushes his teeth, and gets dressed. Then he takes the number 7 bus downtown. The bus isn't usually crowded, so Bruno sits in the same seat at the front of the bus every day.

Bruno thinks his life shouldn't be the same day after day. He can't afford to go to Mexico, but he can change his routine. Maybe that will make his life more exciting. Today, Bruno eats some

leftover pizza for breakfast. He shaves before he takes a shower. He gets dressed before he brushes his teeth. Bruno takes the number 9 bus downtown.

The number 9 bus is very crowded. Bruno has to stand up all the way downtown. His stomach hurts. Leftover pizza is not a very good breakfast. His face hurts, too. It's better to shave after you take a shower. Then Bruno sees some toothpaste on his shirt. It's better to get dressed after you brush your teeth. Bruno decides that his old routine is just fine. But maybe he will choose a new radio station.

1. What wakes Bruno up every morning?
2. What is Bruno's routine?
3. Where does Bruno sit on the bus every day?
4. Why does Bruno decide to change his routine?
5. What parts of his routine does Bruno change?
6. What is wrong with having pizza for breakfast?
7. What is wrong with shaving before he showers?
8. What's wrong with brushing his teeth after he gets dressed.
9. What's wrong with the number 9 bus?
10. What is your morning routine? Do you ever change it?