

FUMC ESL 2-22-2024 High Beginning and Low Intermediate Lesson

Introduce yourself. Tell where you are from and where you live now. Are you a person who loves to go to parties, or do you prefer a quiet night at home? Do you like to have parties at your house? Who do you invite to your parties?

Phrasal verbs are phrases that include a verb and a preposition or an adverb. For example: get up, lie down, come here, take out, take off

1. I get up at 7 AM every morning. GET UP is a phrasal verb.
2. Lie down on the bed. LIE DOWN is a phrasal verb.
3. Please come here. COME HERE is a phrasal verb.
4. Please take out the trash. TAKE OUT is a phrasal verb.
5. The airplane took off at 9 AM. TOOK OFF is a phrasal verb.

There are hundreds of phrasal verbs used in English speech. It is important to understand them.

Read these sentences, **underline** the phrasal verb and **explain** the meaning.

1. I ran into my friend, Jan, at the store.
2. We went into the bank to deposit a check.
3. She cut up the turkey.
4. The girl put on her coat.
5. He took off his shoes.

In the sentences above, the verb and preposition/adverb are **next to** each other. They are not **separated**. But some phrasal verbs **can be separated** by a noun or pronoun. Usually this doesn't change the meaning. Read these examples:

EX:

She **put on** a coat. She **put** a coat **on**.

Hang up your clothes. **Hang** your clothes **up**.

I **took off** my shoes. I **took** my shoes **off**.

Please **open up** the package. Please **open** the package **up**.

The meaning is the same whether there is a noun or pronoun in the middle or not. EX: "She put on a coat" means exactly the same as "She put a coat on."

Read these sentences, **underline** the phrasal verbs and **tell** if the meaning is the same in both sentences..

1. I can't figure out my math homework. I can't figure my math homework out.
2. I will warm up the coffee for you. I will warm the coffee up for you.
3. I put together the Ikea furniture. I put the Ikea furniture together.
4. Fill up the car with gasoline. Fill the car up with gasoline.
5. I will screw on the cap so the water doesn't spill. I will screw the cap on so the water doesn't spill.

6. I put on a name tag. I put a name tag on.
7. I dried off your wet shoes. I dried your wet shoes off.
8. He will carry out the heavy boxes for you. He will carry the heavy boxes out for you.

Some phrasal verbs can **NOT** be separated.

Not separated: I **ran into** a tree.

Separated: I **ran** a tree **into** it.

The second sentence doesn't make sense. You can't separate the verb and preposition/adverb.

Read these examples of phrasal verbs that are **not separable**.

1. Sara **comes from** Canada.
2. Jon **comes from** a broken home. (A broken home is one in which the parents are divorced.)
3. The prisoner **broke out** of jail.
4. We **looked for** my puppy, but we couldn't find him.
5. Ben always **shows up** late for work.

Read these examples of **separable** phrasal verbs.

1. Jen never likes to go to parties. I can't **figure her out**. I love parties. Why doesn't Jen?
2. These metal posts will **hold the roof up**.
3. My wife **locked me out** of the house.
4. I had to **take my bike apart** to fix it.
5. Jon used to play soccer, but he **gave it up** after he hurt his back.

Many phrasal verbs have different meanings. EX: You can run out of a room if you are scared.
OR You can run out of milk if you use up all the milk.

Read these sentences that use the same phrasal verb, but have different meanings. Explain the difference in meaning.

1-He opens the envelope and **takes out** the letter.
Jon thought Eva was beautiful. He wanted to **take her out** on a date.

2-**Put out** the dog's food so he can eat.
I was **put out** that the store wouldn't give me a refund.

3-**Look out**, there is a snake!
I always **look out** for my little sister.

4-The teacher **holds up** the picture so everyone can see it.
This thin sweater won't **hold up** in the washing machine.

Make a sentence with these phrasal verbs:

1. hold up:
2. come from:
3. take apart:
4. figure out:
5. take out:

Discussion Questions: Teachers, if the students can't answer these at first, you make a sentence so they get the idea.

1. Sam has a little sister. When they are at school, Sam looks out for her. Sam makes sure no one hurts her. He makes sure she doesn't get lost. Did you look out for someone when you were in school? Who do you look out for now?
2. If you are put out, you are annoyed. Give an example of a time when you were put out at someone or something.
3. What have you given up as you have gotten older? EX: I used to run every day. But I am older now, so I just walk. I have given up running.
4. Give an example of something you couldn't figure out.
5. My husband drinks milk every morning for breakfast. I don't want to run out of milk because milk is so important to him. So I buy milk every time I go to the store. What do you often run out of? Is there something you buy at the store every time you go?
6. When I worked in an office, I got sleepy in the afternoon. I yawned a lot. And sometimes I dozed off. Have you ever dozed off at work? What time of day do you get sleepy? How do you wake yourself up if you get sleepy during the daytime?
7. Give an example of something you frequently put on your skin.
8. When my children were young, they wanted me to buy video games for them. I didn't want them to play video games, so I didn't buy them. But the children begged and begged. Finally, I gave in and bought them a video game. Give an example of something you didn't want to buy, but you gave in and agreed to buy it.
9. Gina didn't want to go the party. She didn't know many of the people there. But her husband begged her to go. Gina gave in and went to the party. Tell about something you didn't want to do, but gave in.
10. I hate cleaning my office, so I put it off. What chore do you put off?